# Methods and Tools SIG Report 2013

SIG Leader Bill Barrett



# **SIG Membership**

Bill Barrett Jorge Martinis and

US EPA <u>Michael Hlavinka</u>

Bryan Research and Engineering

Jasper van Baten

AmsterCHEM <u>Loic d'Anterroches</u>

Céondo, Ltd.

Bjørn Maribo-Mogensen

Technical University of Denmark Marc-Olivier Andrez

Process Systems Enterprise Limited

**Tony Garratt** 

Reaction Design David Jerome

Krishna Penukonda

**Daniel Wagner** SIMSCI/INVENSYS

## **M&T SIG Charter**

◆ Improve integration, and expand utilization of Computer-Aided Process Engineering (CAPE) applications within the enterprise through identification and resolution of existing cross-cutting issues with the CAPE-OPEN platform, develop mechanisms for use of CAPE within other application domains, and incorporate advances in information technology into the CAPE-OPEN platform.

#### Key responsibilities

- Resolve issues with the common interface specifications.
- Develop and maintain standards and protocols for CAPE-OPEN implementations.
- Incorporate advances in information technology into the CAPE-OPEN protocols.
- Identify novel uses of CAPE and provide standards for utilizing CAPE within these applications.



# **M&T SIG Current Projects**

- Review M&T Integrated Guidelines and Common Interface Specifications
  - Identify issues exposed through implementation
  - Provide errata and clarification documents
  - Develop best practice guidance.
- **◆The M&T SIG** is currently working on the following interface specifications:

⇒ Parameters

**⇒** Errors

⇒ Identification

**⇒** Persistence

**⇒ COSE** 

⇒ Utilities

⇒ Collections

**⇒** Flowsheet Monitoring

**\*CAPE-OPEN Object Model development** 



## **PARAMETER Common Interface**

- Errata and clarification document under development
- Dimensionality
  - ⇒ Formalizes the definition of the dimensionality object as a real-valued array.
  - ⇒ Up to 10 dimensions
    - Indices 0 through 8 are base dimensions: length, mass, time, electrical current, temperature, mole, luminous intensity, angle.
    - Index 9 indicates absolute or relative value
    - Index 10 indicates natural log dimensionality
  - ⇒ Dimensionality of non-dimensionable parameters (integer, option, boolean) should be returned as an zeroelement array.
  - ⇒ Missing Dimensionality for dimensionable parameters should be treated as dimensionless by the PME.



## Parameter Common Interface, cont'd

- Static nature of parameters
  - **⇒** Static properties of a parameter may include Mode, Dimensionality, Upper/Lower Bounds, Default Values, Option List, and/or whether the value of a parameter is restricted to values in the Option List.
  - ⇒ Parameter Owner is the only actor that can change the static elements, and these changes can only be made during creation or an edit operation.
  - ⇒ When changes to the static aspects of a parameter can occur is not specified, so PMEs do not know when it is necessary to re-scan the parameter collection.
  - The parameter value is the only property that can be changed using the CAPE-OPEN interfaces. This can only be changed if the parameter has a mode of *CapeParamMode.CAPE\_INPUT* (0) or *CapeParamMode.CAPE\_INPUT\_OUTPUT* (2).
  - ⇒ The Parameter Owner can only change the value property of a parameter of mode CapeParamMode.CAPE\_OUTPUT (1) during a calculation.



# Parameter Common Interface, cont'd

#### Array Parameters

- ⇒ There is a consensus amongst CAPE-OPEN developers that the ICapeArrayParameterSpec interface is unnecessarily 'general' and that this generality makes it difficult to work with in its entirety.
- Array parameters are clarified to be:
  - Homogenous element types, e.g an array of doubles.
  - No arrays of arrays
  - The ICapeArrayParameterSpec.ItemsSpecification shall return an array of ICapeParameterSpec, having the same upper/lower bounds, default value, etc.
  - The ICapeParameterSpec.Type of the elements of this array should not be CAPE\_ARRAY
  - ICapeParameterSpec.Dimensionality of the elements of the array should be the same as the ICapeParameterSpec.Dimensionality of the array parameter itself.
- Consumers must support one (1)-dimensional arrays
  (ICapeArrayParameterSpec.NumDimensions == 1). Support for two
  (2)-, three (3)-, and higher dimensional arrays are optional.



## **Collection Common Interface**

- SIG Final Draft is out for Peer Review.
- Variant Value for ICapeCollection.Item method clarified
  - **⇒** If Integer:
    - Lower Bound for Collection Index is 1.
    - Valid Range: 1 to ICapeCollection.Count, inclusive.
  - ⇒ If String match to the requested element's value of its ICapeldentification.ComponentName property is case insensitive.
  - Error condition when index requested does not correspond to any item
    - In the case of an integer index that is out of bounds, *ECapeOutOfBounds* should preferably be returned.
    - In the case of a wrong parameter name, *ECapeBadArgument* should preferably be returned.
    - As with all routines that return an *ICapeInterface*, if an error is raised, the caller should not assume that the returned value is valid and the caller should not attempt to release the returned interface.
    - If the method does not return an error, the caller may assume that the method returns a valid (non NULL) interface.



# Collection Common Interface, cont'd

- Naming of Collection Members
  - ◆ The collection needs to ensure that the ICapeldentification.ComponentName property of each object within the collection is unique.
- Use of Non-CAPE-OPEN mechanisms to access Collections
  - ⇒ Implementation of middleware-based accessors is not covered under the CAPE-OPEN standard (e.g. for...each style enumeration using *IEnumXXX* in COM).
  - ⇒ Nothing in the standard precludes their implementation or use along with the access mechanism provided by the CAPE-OPEN standards and mandatorily implemented.



## **Simulation Context COSE Interface**

- SIG Final Draft is out for Peer Review.
- ◆ ICapeCOSEUtilities::NamedValueList (section 3.6.3)
  - Only one NamedValue specified in the specification (FreeFortranChannel).
    - Additional named values can be specified by the PME.
    - The M&T SIG will maintain a list of NamedValues using in the CAPE-OPEN context.
    - CO-LaN needs to identify an appropriate forum.
  - **⇒** Empty NamedValue List
    - Should be a string array containing zero(0) elements to be defined by clarification of M&T guidelines.
  - Typographical error will be corrected in specification document.



## **Identification Common Interface**

- ♦ Errata and clarification document under development
- ♦ ICapeldentification.ComponentName (section 3.5.1)
  - **⇒** Uniqueness of *ICapeldentification.ComponentName property* 
    - Collection Owner (i.e. the CAPE-OPEN object for parameters, the unit operation for ports, or the PME for Unit Operations and Material Object collections) is responsible for ensuring that the ICapeldentification.ComponentName properties are unique for all collection elements.
  - **⇒ Minimum and Maximum Length are not specified.** 
    - Minimum length will be one alphanumeric character.
    - First character of the name must not be whitespace.
    - No maximum length limit set, but should be based on string limitations for the chosen middleware.
  - ⇒ White space in names work in progress.
  - **⇒** Character sets Issue for M&T guidelines clarification.



# Flowsheet Monitoring Interface

**◆** Currently being reviewed and edited by the M&T SIG.



## **Error Common Interface**

- ◆ The following issues have been identified
  - **⇒** Complexity of COM implementation
    - Choice of not using the COM SetErrorInfo/GetErrorInfo
    - Requirement was instead to force CAPE-OPEN objects to expose all possible CAPE-OPEN error interfaces.
    - Most CAPE-OPEN objects only expose ECapeRoot and ECapeUser and most only return the ECapeUnknown HRESULT
  - Logging tools are required to identify the cause of problems.
- ◆ Error Handling Issues to be addressed under the CAPE-OPEN Object Model
  - ⇒ Possible Structured Exception Handling
  - Improving debugging capabilities



## **Persistence Common Interface**

- No current issues with Persistence.
- Persistence will be covered as part of the CAPE-OPEN object model development.



## **Utilities Common Interface**

- Identified issue to be addressed:
  - Return of *S\_FALSE* HRESULT when an edit does not modify an object.



## **M&T Guidelines Issues**

- Issue currently in Peer-Review
  - .NET Interoperability Guidelines Errata and Clarifications
    - ◆ Type compatibility issues between CAPE-OPEN objects derived from different imports of CAPE-OPEN type libraries or from manual creation of CAPE-OPEN interfaces in .NET environments.
  - CAPE-OPEN LaN developing a .NET Primary Interop Assembly (PIA) that provides a universal set of .NETbased CAPE-OPEN interfaces.
  - CO-LaN recommends making use as much as possible of Microsoft .NET Framework 4.0 and above when developing CAPE-OPEN PMEs.



# M&T Guidelines Issues, cont'd.

- Current Issues Being Address:
  - Note that a distinction needs to be made between the CAPE-OPEN interface specifications and the implementation of these specifications in a particular middleware platform.
    - A number of the issues identified are COM implementation specific.
      - E.g. VARIANTS
    - Some items relate to expected behaviour of objects outside of the middleware used.
      - E.g. ComponentName uniqueness

#### Current Issues with COM:

- Transport of zero-length arrays in Variant-wrapped SAFEARRAYs (VT\_EMPTY or VT\_ARRAY with zero elements).
- Integer types in COM 16 bit and 32 bit are currently used.

#### Character sets used in implementation

 Given CAPE-OPEN is an international standard care needs to be taken to be as inclusive as possible in allowable character sets.



# **CAPE-OPEN Object Model**

- Problems solved by Object Model
  - Cross platform interoperability.
  - Responsibility for memory allocation
  - Marshaling between different platforms such as native, .Net and JAVA.

#### Concerns:

- **⇒ PMC** development could still be quite complicated.
- ⇒ PME vendor standpoint, this was another middleware platform that would need to be supported in addition to all of the other ones (e.g. COM and CORBA).



# **CAPE-OPEN Object Model**

- Project Scoping GOALS
  - System and compiler independent language bindings
  - Efficient in connections between objects
  - Strengthening data typing (reduce/eliminate the need for the variant type)
  - Middleware does memory allocation
- Other Questions
  - **⇒** How to do in Linux shared libraries?
  - ⇒ Will we miss out on custom interfaces?
  - ⇒ How do we keep the object model from having the complexity of other middleware platforms such as COM? (limit only to early binding?)
  - ⇒ Who will write the idl compiler and registration tool?
  - QA and Security issues
  - Does the object model make more sense than using something that already exists such as .NET?



## 2013 Deliverables

- Object Model:
  - **⇒** Develop design criteria for the CAPE-OPEN Object Model.
- Common Interfaces and Integrated Guidelines:
  - ⇒ Review the common interface specification documents to identify issues exposed through implementation.
  - ⇒ Review of Integrated Guidelines to identify issues exposed through implementation.
  - ⇒ Address errata, provide clarifications, and develop best practices guidance to address the issues identified in (a.) and (b.).
- Flowsheet monitoring:
  - Complete SIG draft version the Flowsheet Monitoring Specification



## 2014 Deliverables

#### Object Model:

- ⇒ Provide a roadmap for development of the CAPE-OPEN Object Model.
- Develop a prototype implementation of the CAPE-OPEN Object Model for one computational platform so that benefits may be seen and interoperability along with COM demonstrated.
- Common Interfaces and Integrated Guidelines:
  - Continue the review of the common interface specification documents to identify issues exposed through implementation.
  - Continue the review of Integrated Guidelines to identify issues exposed through implementation.
  - ⇒ Address errata, provide clarifications, and develop best practices guidance to address the issues identified in (a.) and (b.).
- Flowsheet monitoring:
  - Complete adoption of the Flowsheet Monitoring Specification



# **Preliminary Deliverables for 2015**

#### Integrated Guidelines:

- ⇒ Update the integrated guidelines document to specify an Object Model that will allow CAPE-OPEN to be implemented and utilized across multiple platforms including Microsoft Windows, Unix/Linux based systems, and computational clusters.
- Include in the updated integrated guidelines document all interim guidance that has been developed to date and provide guidelines for resolving other outstanding issues related to the CAPE-OPEN standards.

#### Object Model:

⇒ Test the implementation of the CAPE-OPEN Object Model for one computational platform.

#### Common Interfaces:

Update common interface specifications to reflect the CAPE-OPEN Object Model.



# **Longer Term Objectives**

#### **2016:**

#### **⇒** Object Model:

 Deliver final implementation of the CAPE-OPEN Object Model for one computational platform.

#### Business Interfaces:

 Coordinate development of business interfaces (such as thermodynamics and unit operations) with the respective special interest groups.

#### **2017:**

#### ⇒ Interface Specifications:

- Publish final versions of the common interface specifications based upon the CAPE-OPEN Object Model.
- Help other SIGs finalize their CAPE-OPEN Object Model interface specifications.



# **Ongoing Activities**

- Common Interface Conference Calls
  - ⇒ First Wednesday of each Month at 11 AM Eastern US Time.
- Object Model Conference Call
  - **⇒** Last Wednesday of the month at 10 AM Eastern US Time.
- Goal is to complete majority of Common Interface Work by the end of the calendar year and consolidate calls.
- Please contact either SIG Leader or CTO if you are interested in participating:
  - ⇒ Bill Barrett barrett.williamm@epa.gov
  - ⇒ Michel Pons technologyofficer@colan.org

