



# Use of CAPE-OPEN standards

A solution to diffuse Thermodynamic Property Packages during the development cycle of a process

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- **Definitions and Context (PME, PMC, TPP)**
- **Tests of different TPPs in different PMEs**
- **Conclusions and perspectives**

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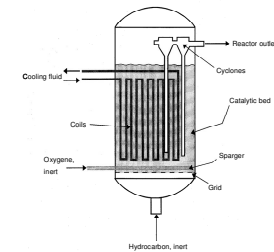
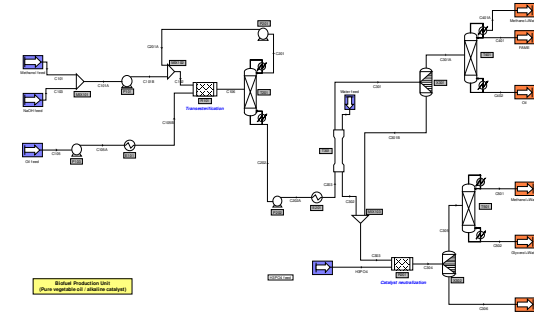
# Definitions

## ■ PME: Process Modeling Environment

- General environments intended to facilitate creation of process models, either starting from basic principles, or starting from libraries of existing models (PMCs), or both
- Aspen-Hysys, Prosim Plus, Aspen-Plus, Pro II, Belsim-Vali, Unisim Design

## ■ PMC: Process Modeling Component

- Model of unit operation
  - **Chemical reactor**
  - **Heat exchanger**
  - **Distillation column**
  - ...
- Numerical methods
- Thermodynamic Property Packages



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# Definitions

## ■ TPP : Thermodynamic Property Package

- List of pure compounds
- Properties of pure compounds (coming from a database)
- Equation of state dedicated to the vapor phase
- Equation of state ( $\varphi - \varphi$  approach) or Activity coefficients models dedicated to the liquid phase ( $\gamma - \varphi$  approach)
- Mixing rules
- Matrix of binary interaction parameters
- Model or correlation for the calculation of liquid molar volume and fugacity of pure liquid in standard state
- State reference of enthalpy and entropy calculation
- Algorithm of resolution of phase equilibrium equations
- Calculation methods of transport properties (thermal conductivity, viscosity, surface tension)

# Air Liquide context

- **Globalization of R&D and Engineering Departments (Europe, USA, Asia)**
  - **Multiplicity of PMEs**
  - **Cohabitation of different PMEs (R&D, Engineering Departments): Aspen-Hysys, Aspen Plus, Belsim-Vali, Prosim Plus, Unisim Design**
- **Adoption of a thermodynamic standard usable at each step of process development**
  - **Server of thermodynamic models and associated resolution algorithms: Simulis Thermodynamics**

Software component for computing thermophysical properties and phase equilibria on pure components or mixtures in MS-Excel (Add-In functions), Matlab® or any CAPE-OPEN PME in the form of TPP able to be plugged
- **Encapsulation in Simulis Thermodynamics (following CAPE-OPEN standard Thermo 1.0 and 1.1) of our in-house thermodynamic equation of state dedicated to air ternary system**

# Air Liquide context

## ■ Use of native thermodynamic models of Simulis to create CAPE-OPEN compliant TPPs

- Fitting of PR equation of state (coming from Simulis) on experimental measurements and diffusion as CAPE-OPEN TPP (separation/purification of carbon monoxide)
- Extension of the validity range of Sour Water electrolytic model (addition of nitric acid dissociation) and use for CO<sub>2</sub> capture process simulation

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# Tests of different TPPs CO compliant in PME

## ■ Test of proprietary TPP “Bender” in different PMEs

- Operating system: Windows XP
- Created from Simulis 1.4.1.0 (Thermo 1.0 and 1.1 compliant)
- Simulation of a distillation column

■ Prosim Plus 3.2.0.1 → **OK**

■ Aspen Plus 7.2 → **OK**

■ Aspen-Hysys 7.2

- TPP “Bender” returns an empty list of constant properties → generation of error messages
- Help of CO-LaN to fix the bug
  - No question of providing our proprietary TPP to AspenTech
  - The problem was documented by CO-LaN by using a modified version of the thermodynamic examples carried out by AmsterCHEM for CO-LaN
  - In this way, AspenTech could have the source code of a software component highlighting in Aspen-Hysys a similar behavior
- Problem normally fixed in release 8.0 (beta version)

■ Unisim Design R400 → **OK**

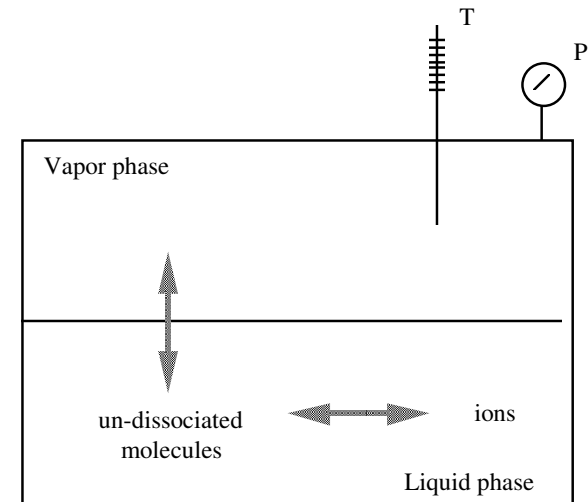
# Tests of different TPPs CO compliant in PMEs

## ■ Test of “Sour Water” TPP in Belsim-Vali 4.7.0.3 (Thermo 1.0)

- Operating system: Windows XP
- Created from Simulis 1.4.1.0 (Thermo 1.0 and 1.1 compliant)
- Simulation of CO<sub>2</sub> capture from oxy-fuel combustion flue gases (quench, SOx absorption, compression and inter-cooling steps)

## ■ “Sour water”: electrolytic model

- Heterogeneous approach  $\gamma - \phi$
- Apparent species – Actual species (ions)



## ■ Encouraging results

- +++ : **it works**, Thermo 1.0 standard allows to treat electrolytic model
- -- : increase of CPU time
- Adaptation of Thermo standard to electrolytic models (SIG Thermo) ?

# Tests of different TPPs CO compliant in PME

## ■ Another feedback

- Analytical derivatives compared to numerical derivatives
  - CPU time
  - Robustness
- Even if the analytical derivatives are available in the TPP, it happens that the PME still uses numerical derivatives !

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# Conclusions et perspectives

- **Great interest for Air Liquide regarding the implementation of CAPE-OPEN interfaces in PMEs**
  - **Aspen-Hysys**
  - **Aspen Plus**
  - **Prosim Plus**
  - **Belsim-Vali**
  - **Unisim Design**
  
- **Appropriation of the concept of CAPE-OPEN TPPs dedicated to given applications and able to be plugged “everywhere”**
  - **Interoperability of packages: PMEs, Excel, Matlab**
  - **Consistency of results throughout different applications**
  - **Perpetuation of in-house knowledge: database of packages**
    - Detailed description and validity range
    - References of experimental values (literature, proprietary)
  - **Improvement of accessible information quality for a relevant later re-use**

# Conclusions et perspectives

- **Diffusion from R&D to other AL departments of CAPE-OPEN compliant TPPs generated with Simulis**
  - Improvement of the communication between Air Liquide departments
  - Improvement of the communication between Air Liquide R&D and academic partners
- **Support of PME suppliers to fix bugs linked to the implementation of the standards**
  - With the help of CO-LaN !
- **Adaptation of the Thermo standard to treat more efficiently models dedicated to electrolytic solutions ?**
- **To develop the same approach for unit operation models**
  - To make proprietary chemical reactor models developed between 1990 and 2005 (in only one PME) CAPE-OPEN compliant