Thermo SIG Progress Report 2014

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CO-LaN Annual Meeting, Frankfurt, Germany, September 2014

Thermodynamics Special Interest Group (Thermo SIG)

Task:

Develop, maintain and promote Thermodynamic and Physical Properties interface specifications

Key Responsibilities:

Maintain and manage existing interface specifications
Assess expansions of interface specifications
Manage the development of expansions
Help organizations to develop implementations



Thermo SIG Members, September 2014

- □ Andrew Lintern,
- □ Jasper van Baten,
- □ Michel Pons,
- Murugesh Palanisamy,
- □ Paul Zhou,
- □ Rafael Lugo,
- Richard Szczepanski,
- □ Sergej Blagov,
- Suphat Watanisiri,
- □ Xiaozheng-Sara Wang,

HTRI **AmsterCHEM** (SIG co-leader) CO-LaN Honeywell Honeywell IFP **Infochem Computer Services BASF** (SIG co-leader) **AspenTech** Honeywell



Thermo SIG Activities 2013-2014

Efforts concentrated on finalizing the Chemical Reactions interface specification v1.1

- Main ideas first presented on CO-LaN Annual Meeting, 2012, Lyon, France
- Second revision presented on CO-LaN Annual Meeting, 2013, Lyon, France

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□ Ongoing work in a small group

- Jasper van Baten, Michel Pons, Sergej Blagov
- 2 hours weekly remote desktop sessions

Still not finished

Main problem:

How to deal with "equilibrium" reactions in a general way?



Chemical Reactions Interface v1.1: Motivation

□ Several issues exist with current v1.0 Reactions specification

- Reaction basis is not clearly defined
- Units of measure require revision (non-SI)
- Several concepts not well defined

Large overlap with v1.1 Thermodynamic and Physical Properties

- Compound definitions
- Material contexts

CO-LaN Annual Meeting, 2012, Lyon, France:

- First draft presented
- Major drawbacks recognized:
 - Formulation on the true species basis
 - Not well suited for polymers, electrolytes, etc.
 - No reactive phase equilibrium calculator defined

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Chemical Reactions Interface: Key Features

□ Generality

- Different phases might be specified for reactants and products on component basis
- Various reaction types (single phase, interfacial, homo/hetero-geneous, etc.)

Compactness

- Only 4 reaction properties supported
 - Reaction Rate
 - Chemical Equilibrium Deviation
 - Chemical Equilibrium Deviation tolerance
 - Enthalpy of Reaction

□ Flexibility

Multiple Compound Slates (for different sets of apparent compounds)

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Material Object Delegates in addition to Material Object



Chemical Reactions Interface: v1.1 vs. v1.0

- Integration with the CAPE-OPEN version 1.1 thermodynamic standard, as opposed to 'stand-alone' interface
- □ This eliminates the redundant definitions for compounds
- □ Units of measure are SI (as opposed to version 1.0)
- Reactions can be served by Property Package, or by Reaction Package



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Chemical Reactions Interface: v1.1 vs. v1.0

- Material Object manages its Material Object Delegates associated with appropriate Compound Slates
- Reaction Object discarded, this task is to be performed by the Material Object
- Reaction Context discarded
 - for Reaction servers this is the Material Context
 - a Unit Operation can obtain reactions ONLY from an associated Material Object (e.g. connected stream)



Chemical Reactions Interface: v1.1 vs. v1.0

- Equilibrium constant discarded in favour of EquilibriumDeviation
- Reaction phase replaced by vector: one phase for each compound (e.g. solid C can react with gaseous O2)
- Reaction rate basis (reaction domain): Phase, PhaseInterface, CatalystMass, Surface

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 Both ReactionRate (stoichiometry required) and CompoundReactionRate (stoichiometry is optional) are supported



Chemical Reactions Interface. New in v1.1

- Reaction attributes: Mechanism, Kinetic, Equilibrium, Comment, Catalyst, FullConversion, etc.
- Equilibrium reaction sets: sets of equilibrium reactions that need to be considered simultaneously
- Overall pseudo-kinetic reaction: several kinetic reactions lumped into one, for which only per-compound reaction rates are provided
- Reaction groups: optional arrangement of related reactions, for aiding reaction selections in private GUIs
- Reaction alternatives: multiple versions of the 'same' reaction with different properties, e.g., rate expression



Chemical Reactions Interface. True & Apparent

Example

A + B == C

Systems 1/3 A + 2/3 B and 1/2 B + 1/2 C are equivalent

Glossary

Apparent compounds

A set of Apparent compounds is any set of compounds that allows for unique specification of equilibrium state of a mixture (here: {A,B}, {A,C}, {B,C})

□ True compound

Any compound which may eventually appear at equilibrium (here: A, B, C)

Compound Slate

Any collection of Compounds allowing for representation of a given system

Compound Server

Implements ICapeThermoCompounds; serves as source for compounds definitions

Material Object Delegate

 ... is an alternative representation of the Material Object for a particular Compound Slate



Chemical Reactions Interface. True & Apparent

- Compound Server might expose multiple Compound Slates
- □ ICapeThermoCompounds operates on a particular Compound Slate
- □ There exists the default (Master) Compound Slate (not necessarily the *True* one)
- □ Compounds can be *True*, *Apparent* or both
- □ Associated equilibrium calculation is reactive
- **Equilibrium calculation operates on a Material Object Delegate**
- States of Material Object and all its Material Object Delegates are synchronized

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- Conversion between apparent composition and *True* composition done by Property Package (optional)
- □ Support for *Apparent* properties (e.g. fugacity)

Chemical Reactions Interface. Equilibrium Calculations

Performed by Equilibrium Servers

- Implement ICape...EquilibriumRoutines
- Material Objects, Property Packages and Equilibrium Calculators

□ Principal difference for reactive and non-reactive systems as

 for reactive systems, overall compositions and total mole numbers are calculation results and not constants

Equilibrium server Interface	Conventional (non-reactive)	Reactive
ICapeThermo- EquilibriumRoutine	mandatory	mandatory (throws error)
ICapeThermo- ReactiveEquilibriumRoutine	optional (same results)	mandatory

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Summary

□ Thermo v1.0 and 1.1 specifications maintenance

- Sustainable usage
- Very few issues for clarification reported
- v1.0: significant overhead both for support (CO-LaN) and development
 - Time to deprecate? => presentation by Michel Pons

□ In focus: Chemical Reaction Interface Specification v1.1

- Major revision of draft document was required
- Ongoing work on a new draft (weekly phone meetings: J. van Baten, M. Pons, S. Blagov)

- Goal:
 - present the final draft on CO-LaN Annual Meeting, 2015



Questions?

Thank you for your attention!





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